



Practice

1.3 Linear Equations in Two Variables

Write an equation for the line containing the indicated points.

1. (2, 4) and (3, 5) _____
2. (-1, 3) and (3, -1) _____
3. (3, 1) and $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2})$ _____
4. (2, 0) and (-6, 4) _____
5. (-1, -4) and (-2, 5) _____
6. $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2})$ and $(-2, -\frac{1}{2})$ _____

Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that has the indicated slope, m , and contains the given point.

7. $m = 1$ and (3, 3) _____
8. $m = -\frac{1}{2}$ and (4, 6) _____
9. $m = \frac{3}{4}$ and (4, -2) _____
10. $m = 4$ and (4, 3) _____
11. $m = -2$ and (-2, 3) _____
12. $m = -\frac{1}{4}$ and (8, 6) _____

Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that contains the given point and is parallel to the given line.

13. (1, 4); $y = -3x + 2$ _____
14. (-2, 3); $y = -4x + 2$ _____
15. (4, -2); $y = \frac{3}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$ _____
16. (-6, 3); $y = 2x + 2$ _____
17. (2, -1); $y = -3x - 6$ _____
18. (3, -4); $y = 4x - 3$ _____
19. (2, -2); $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3$ _____
20. (1, -1); $y = 3x - 2$ _____
21. (2, -2); $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$ _____
22. (1, 0); $y = -3x - 2$ _____

Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that contains the given point and is perpendicular to the given line.

23. (2, 4); $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$ _____
24. (6, -4); $y = 3x - \frac{3}{4}$ _____
25. (6, -7); $y = -2x - 5$ _____
26. (2, -5); $y = 2x - 4$ _____
27. $(3, \frac{11}{4})$; $y = 4x + 6$ _____
28. (3, 5); $y = -x - 1$ _____
29. $(1, \frac{2}{3})$; $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 3$ _____
30. (1, 4); $y = -\frac{3}{4}x - 4$ _____
31. (3, -1); $y = 3x + \frac{3}{4}$ _____
32. $(-1, -\frac{7}{2})$; $y = 4x - 3$ _____